Nuclear Astrophysics at Low-Energy Storage Rings

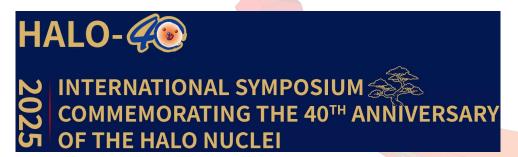
Yury A. Litvinov











International Symposium Commemorating the 40th Anniversary of the Halo Nuclei 12-18 October 2025,

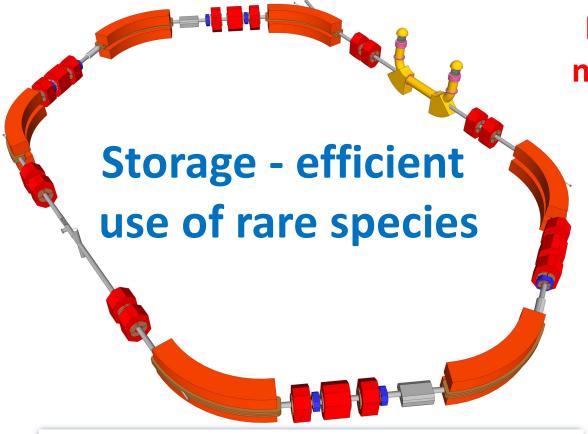
Capital Hotel, Beijing, China





Heavy-Ion Storage Rings - Versatile Instruments

Dedicated beam preparation and manipulation techniques



A huge trap – more than 100 m circumference, aperture size – 25 cm

Nuclear reaction inevitably leads to large momentum spread of the secondary beam

Beam cooling - high quality beams Isochronous mode – high mass resolution

Small production rates of secondary beams
Accumulation techniques
Single-particle sensitivity detection

Short-lived species Instantaneous detection





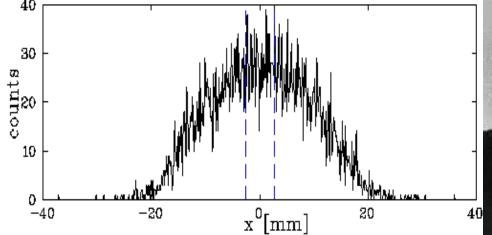


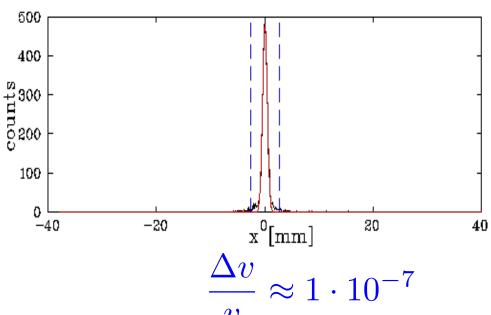
Photos: M. Lestinsky, A. Zschau, GSI; IMP Lanzhou; RIKEN

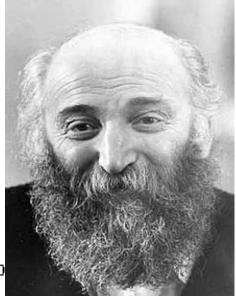
Electron Cooling of Secondary Beams



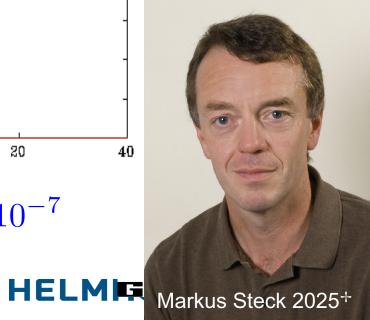
Exchange of momenta







Gersh I. Budker 1918 - 1977



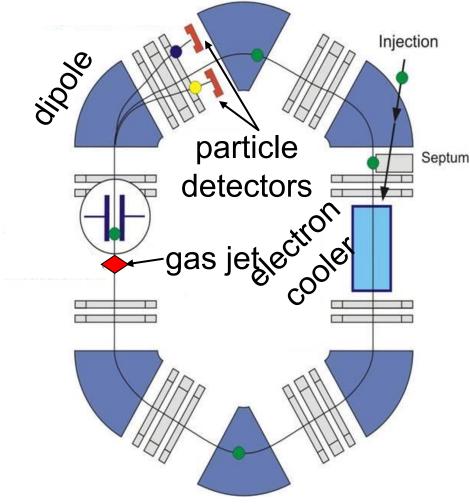




Proton-Capture Reactions in the ESR

- injection of ions @ >100 MeV/u
 - √ fully stripped ions
- deceleration & cooling of the beam
 - ✓ E = 3 10 MeV/u
- activate internal hydrogen target
 - ✓ proton & electron capture reactions
 - ✓ separated by dipole
 - particle detectors on...
 - ... inner tracks for (p,γ) products
 - ... outer tracks for e⁻ capture products
- beam life time (residual gas + target interaction)
 - intensity goes down

Jan Glorius: "A recycling recoil separator"



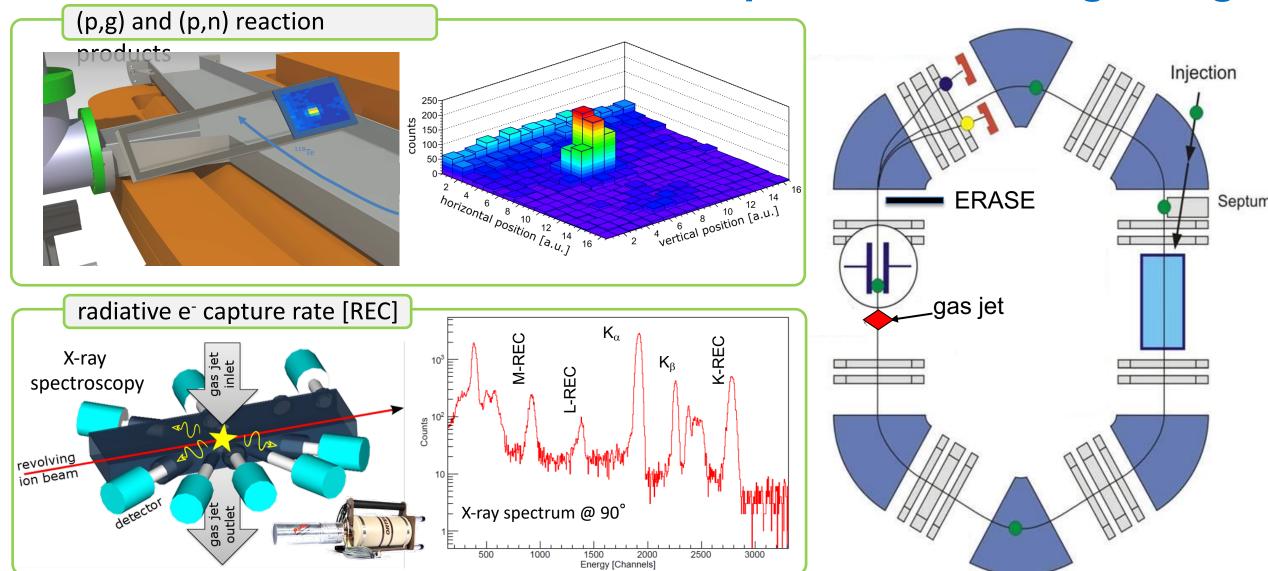
ESR



efill ring periodically



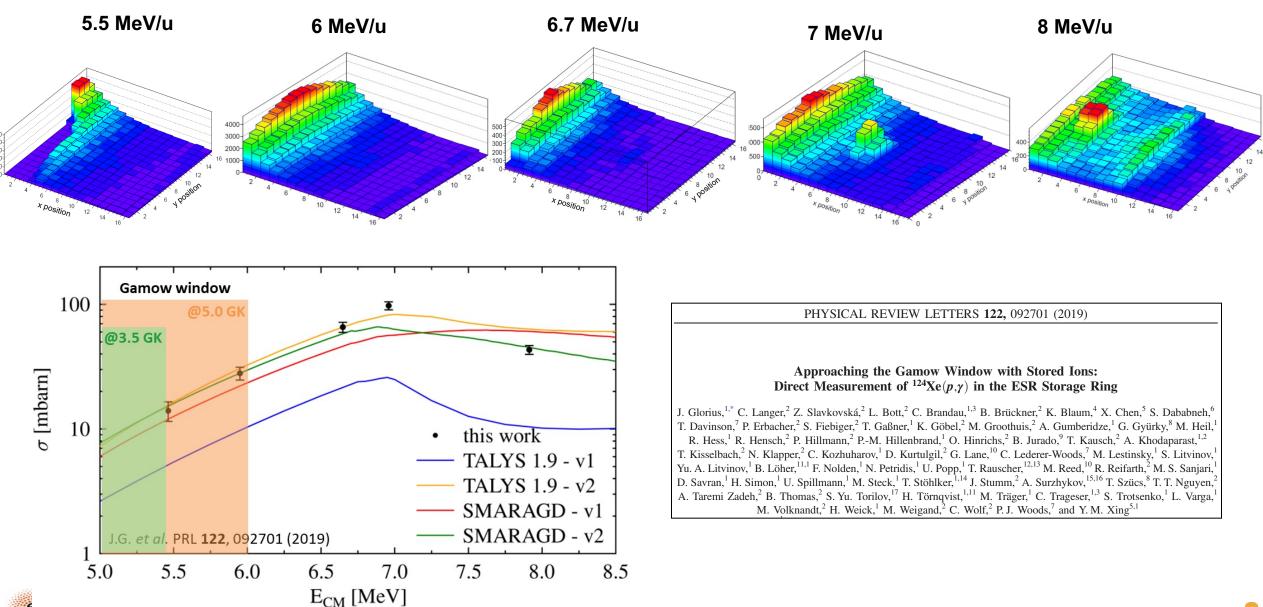
Proton-Induced Reactions in the Experimental Storage Ring







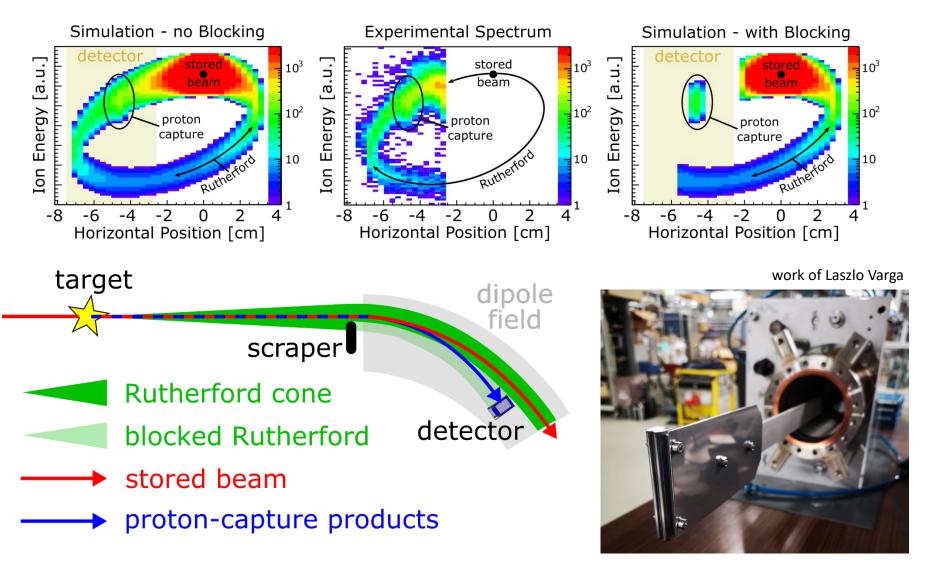
¹²⁴Xe(p,g) - Results





ASTRUm

Towards background free measurement





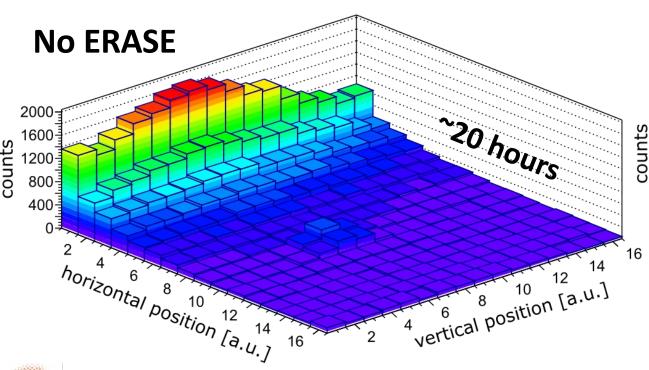


Proton-Induced Reactions in the Experimental Storage Ring

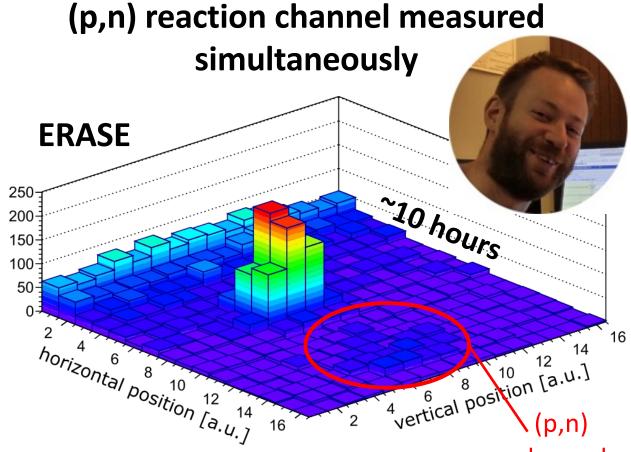
ERASE vs no-ERASE: 124Xe(p,x)

 124 Xe(p, γ)

- 10⁷ bare ions stored
- cooled and decelerated to 7 MeV/u



nearly background-free measurement maximized experimental sensitivity

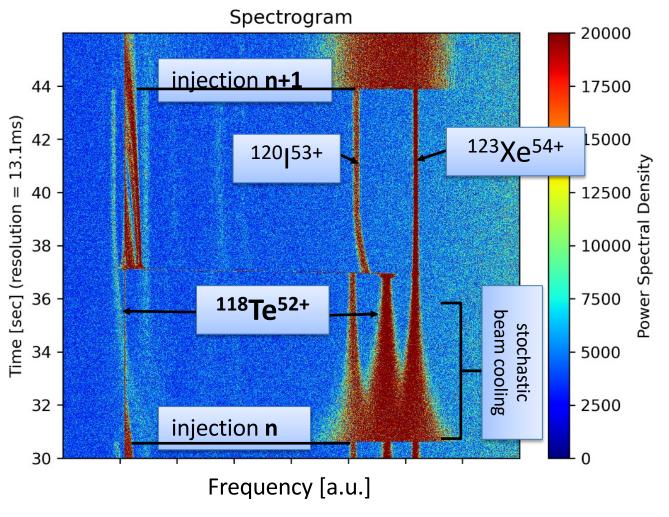


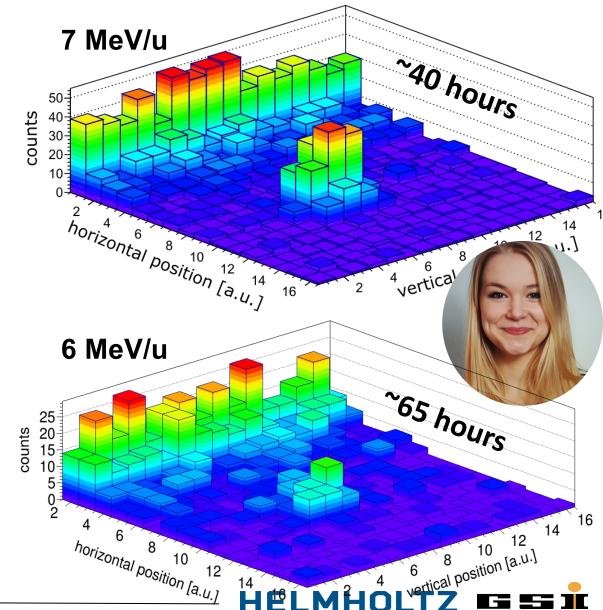


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Proton-Induced Reactions in the Experimental Storage Ring

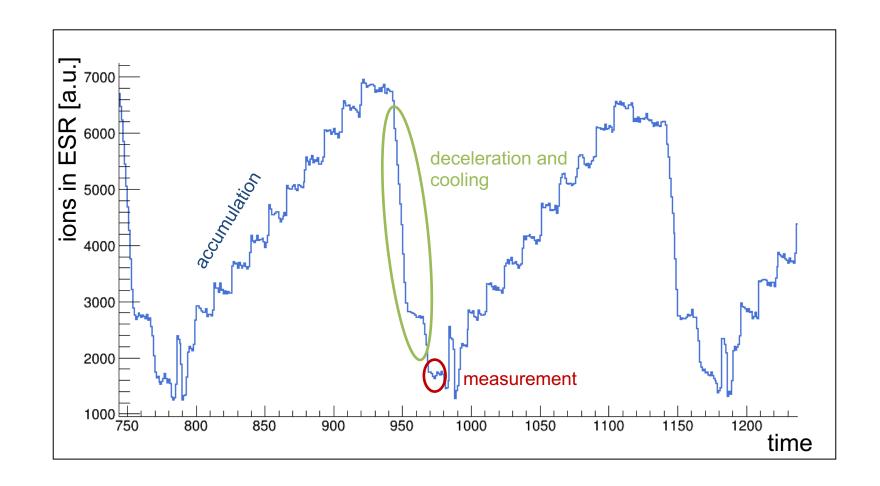
First study on radioactive ion beam





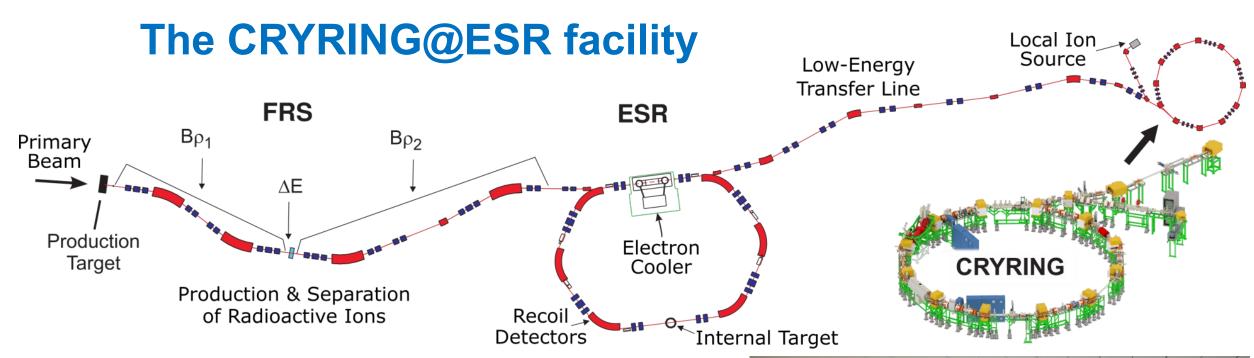


Proton capture on radioactive ¹¹⁸Te









CRYRING (transported from Stockholm University)

Start of operation (local source) – 2019 Start of operation (beams from ESR) – 2020 Circumference = 54.15 m XH Vacuum = 10^{-11} — 10^{-12} mbar Electron cooling Energy range = ~0.1 – 15 MeV/u Slow and fast extraction

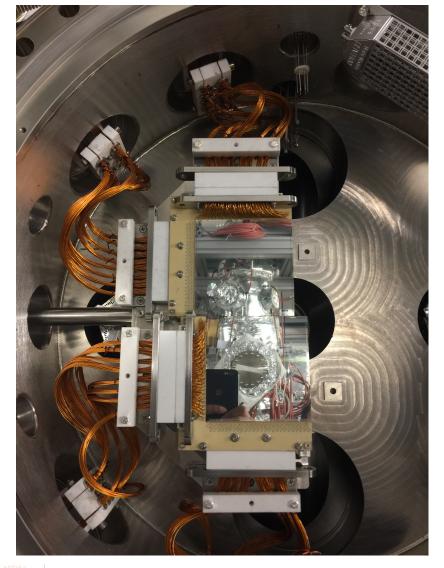


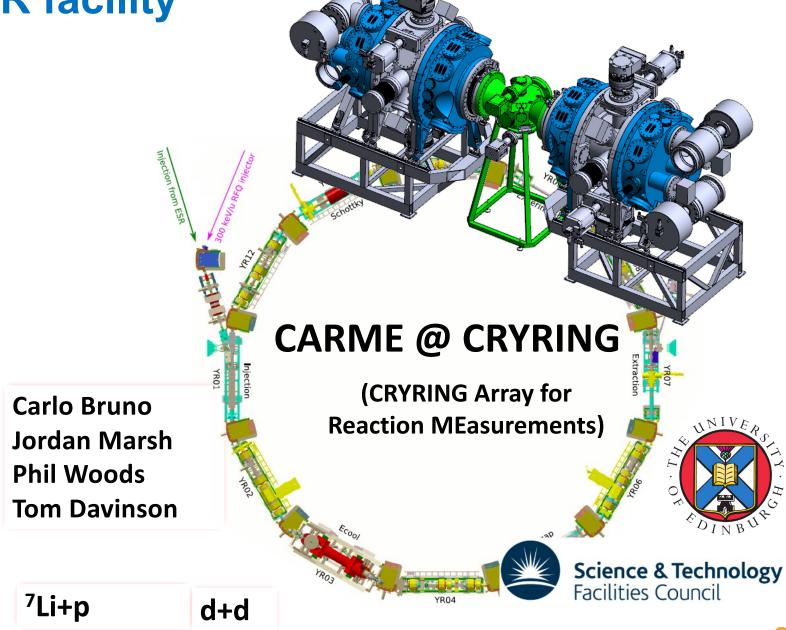
M. Lestinsky, GSI, Darmstadt





The CRYRING@ESR facility

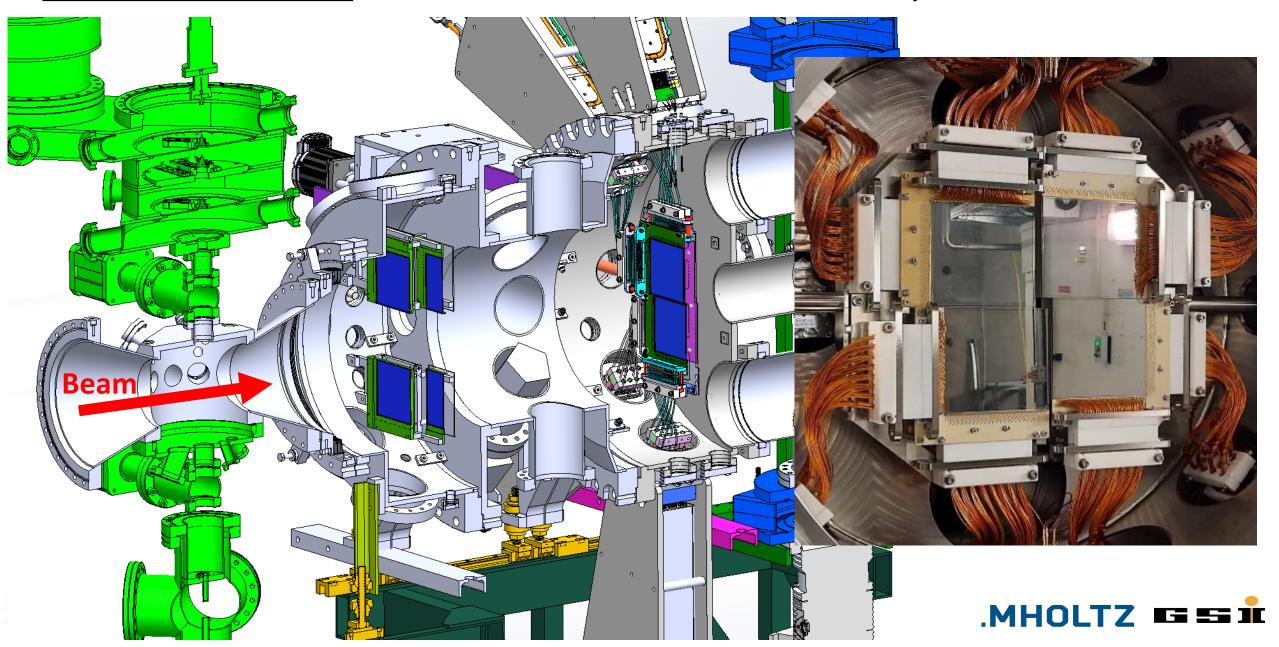






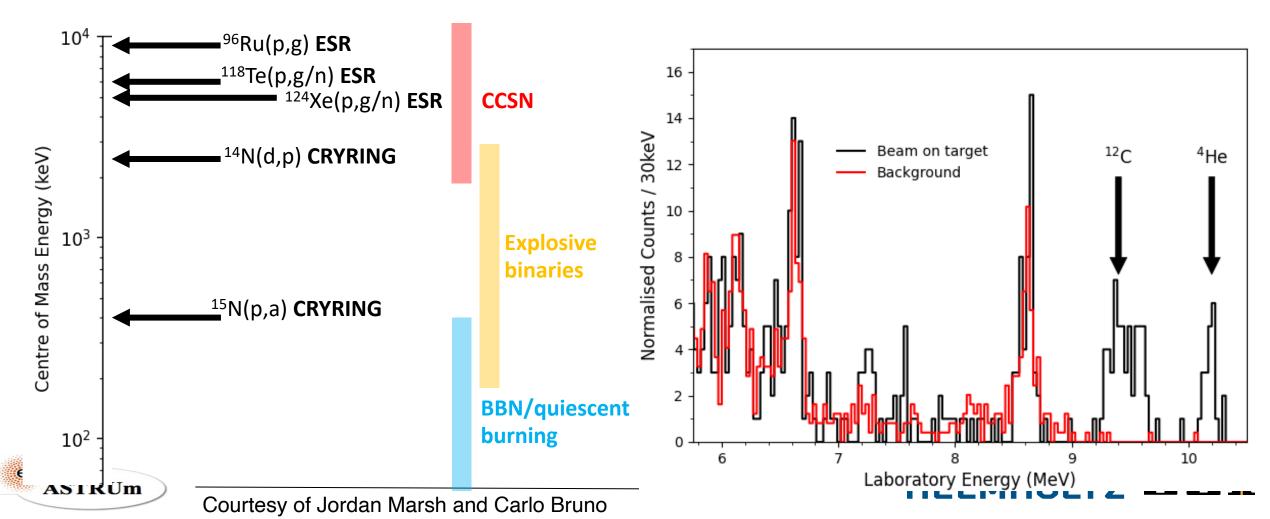






2024 measurement – ¹⁵N+p

- We took data at 1.125, 1.06 and 0.426 MeV/A
- 15N(p,a)12C reaction was observed at 0.426 MeV/A
- This is the lowest energy a nuclear reaction has ever been measured on a storage ring



Status and Perspectives

- two successful stable beam experiments @ ESR
 - > ⁹⁶Ru(p, γ) & ¹²⁴Xe(p, γ) & ¹²⁴Xe(p,n)
 - development of an in-vacuum detection and ERASE systems
 - arrival inside the Gamow window
- First radioactive beam study @ ESR
 - \geq 118Te(p, γ) measured at 6 and 7 MeV/u
- future prospects
 - > ⁹¹Nb(p, γ) or ¹⁰⁹In(p, γ) are key reations in the γ process
 - \geq ⁵⁹Cu(p, γ) is a key reaction in the *rp* process
 - \triangleright Expansion to (α, γ) , (α, p) , (α, n) in heavier systems for the γ process
 - > CRYRING gives access to the full Gamow Window

Unfortunately, NO astrophysics experiments with radioactive beams approved by the GSI General PAC





Technical Meeting on Neutroninduced Reactions on Short-lived Nuclei





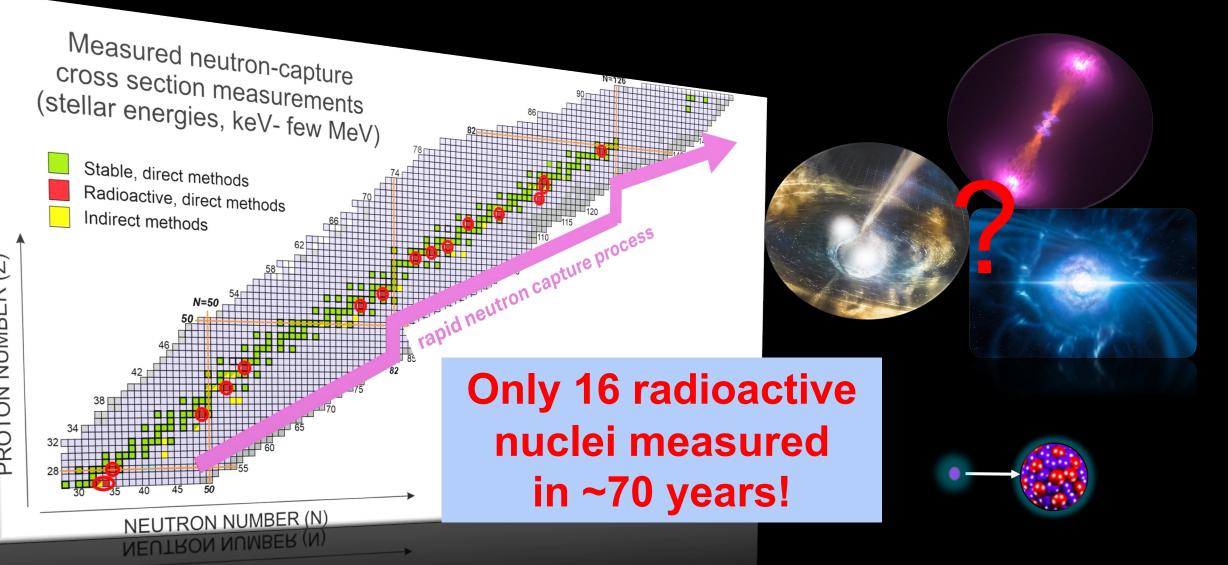
IAEA
International Atomic Energy Agency

25-29 August 2025
International Atomic Energy Agency
United Nations Headquarters Vienna,
Austria





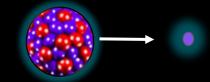
Status Quo



Nuclear data are key to understand the production in stellar events

We are lacking data for neutron capture reactions on radioactive nuclei!

Turning "Impossible" into "Possible"?

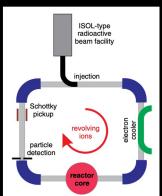


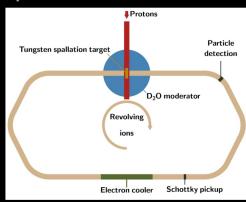
Unlock access to neutron reaction rates of short-lived nuclei with pivotal interest in astrophysics

- → Only marginal gains are possible with conventional methods!
- → Theoretical models may deviate by orders of magnitude
- → Previous proposals require huge investments without guaranteed success
- → High-current super-compact cyclotrons, scalable and cost-effective

Tarifeño et al. arXiv:2508.15465v1

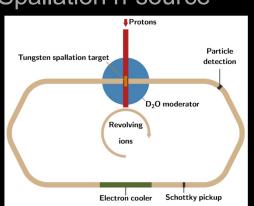
Nuclear reactor Spallation n-source

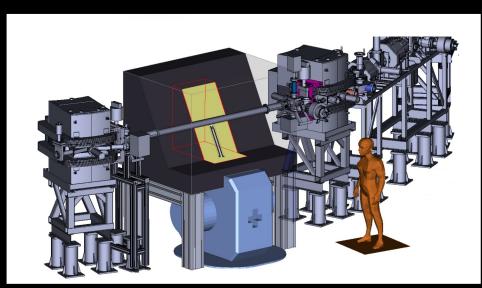




R.Reifarth & Y. Litvinov, Phys. Rev. ST Acc. Beams, 20 (2017) 044701

R.Reifarth et al., Phys. Rev. Acc. Beams, 17 (2014) 014701



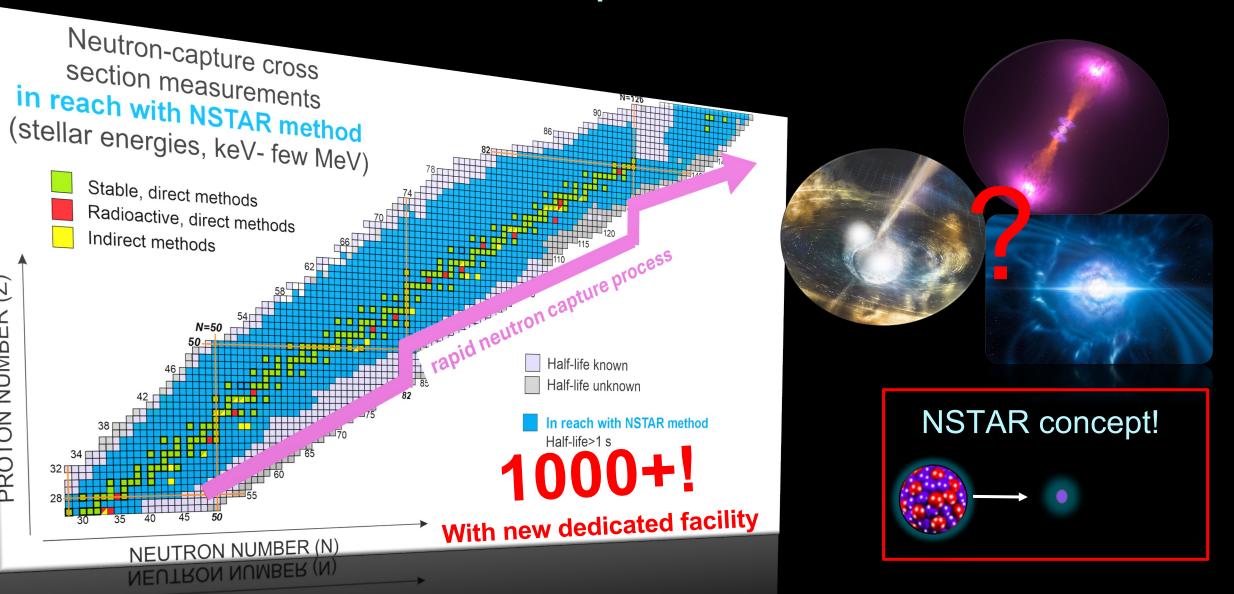


The NSTAR team, Phys. Rev. Acc. Beams (2025) (submitted)



(Image source: IBA Ion Beam Applications)

The potential



From 16 > 1000+ neutron capture reactions on radioactive nuclei! 6

Why storage rings? - Versatile Capabilities

Masses and lifetimes of exotic nuclei **ERC CG ASTRUM**

Nuclear Excitation by (target) Electron Capture

Nuclear Excitation by (free) Electron Capture

Hyperfine Quenching in few-electron ²²⁹Th

ERC AG HIThor

Decays of highly charged ions (205Tl, 111Sn)

Transfer reactions

Long-lived isomeric states

Di-electronic recombination on exotic nuclei

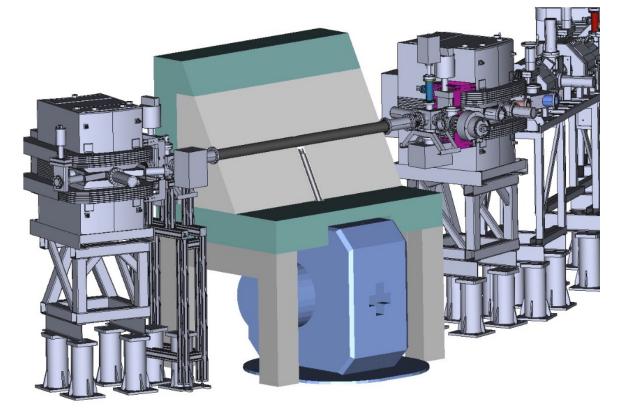
Astrophysical reactions for BBN and Novae, rp-, nup-, and p-processes

ERC SG ELDAR

Surrogate reaction studies

ERC AG NECTAR

Giant resonances **Electron-Ion scattering (future) Neutron-induced reactions (future)**



Courtesy: Ariel Tarifeno Saldivia

Free-neutron target at CRYRING C. Domingo-Pardo et al. NSTARS-Project





Many thanks to our collaborators from all over the world !!!



















































We are supported by:





